

BIDADARI PARK



Green Surrounds of Bidadari Park

Residents of Bidadari Estate can look forward to the new 10-hectare Bidadari Park, located in the heart of the estate.

Residents will have more opportunities to connect with nature and get closer to the area's rich biodiversity. Besides being one of the main users of the park, you also play an important role in conserving the flora and fauna by caring for the park environment, and learning how to interact with wildlife and appreciate nature sensitively.

比达达利住宅区中心将建设占地 10公顷的比达达利公园,提供居 民一个联络感情和活动筋骨的新 去处。

居民将有更多机会亲近大自然以及该地区的丰富生态环境。除了是公园的主要使用者之外,居民也将能在保育公园环境的动植物方面担任重要的角色,并且学习如何与野生生物互动和关爱大自然。

Penduduk Estet Bidadari boleh nantikan Taman Bidadari baru seluas 10 hektar yang terletak di tengah-tengah kawasan estet.

Penduduk akan dapat lebih banyak peluang untuk berdekat dengan alam semula jadi dan biodiversiti yang kaya di kawasan ini. Sebagai pengguna utama taman ini, anda mainkan peranan penting dalam memelihara flora dan fauna dengan menjaga persekitaran taman. Di samping itu, belajar cara-cara berinteraksi dan nikmati alam semula jadi secara sensitif.

பிடாடரி வீடமைப்புப் பேட்டையின் குடியிருப்பாளர்கள், குடியிருப்புப் பேட்டையின் மையத்தில் 10 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பளவில் அமையவுள்ள புதிய பிடாடரி பூங்காவை ஆவலுடன் எதிர்நோக்கலாம்.

குடியிருப்பாளர்கள் இப்பூங்காவில்[®] இயற்கையோடு இணைவதற்கும், பல்வேறு விதமான உயிரினங்களைக் கண்டு மகிழ்வதற்கும் அதிக வாய்ப்புகள் கிடைக்கும். பூங்காவின் முக்கிய ப்யனர்களில் ⁻ஒருவராக இருப்பதைத் தவிர, பூங்காவின் இயற்கைச் குழலைப் பீராமரிப்பதன் (முலமும், வ்னவிலங்குகளுடன் பழகவும் இயற்கையின் உணர்திற்னைப் பாராட்டவும் கற்றுக்கொள்வதன் மூலமும், தாவரங்கள் மற்றும் விலங்கினங்களைப் பாதுகாப்பதிலும் நீங்கள் முக்கியப் பங்கு வகிக்கிறீர்கள்.



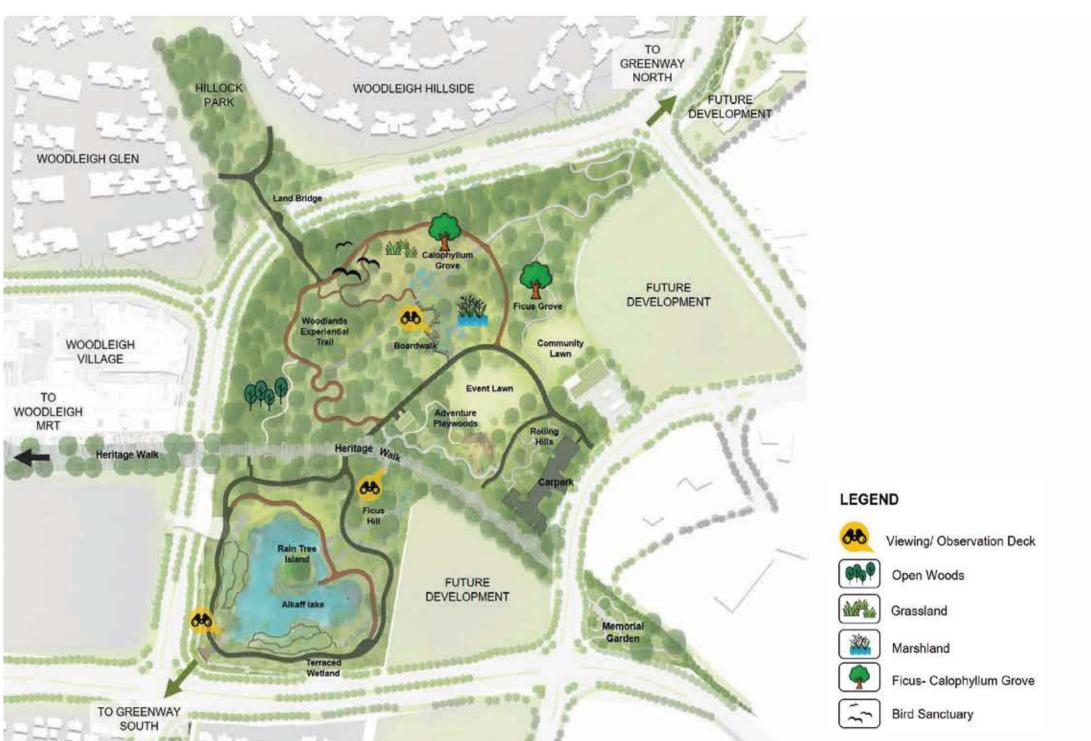
Located at the heart of Bidadari, the new 10-hectare Bidadari Park will form a green lung for the estate.

Enhancing Nature and Greenery

Bidadari will be strategically connected to five Nature Ways and is a natural sanctuary. To allow biodiversity to thrive, existing habitats will be enhanced, and wetland and marsh habitats will be introduced.

Set amidst the lush and hilly landscape, the park will feature a lake, a Heritage Walk, open lawns, and wooded experiential trails. Residents will be able to walk and cycle seamlessly via green pathways from the park to the other public spaces and BTO developments.





The park is a multi-agency collaboration involving the Housing & Development Board (HDB), National Parks Board (NParks), PUB, Singapore's National Water Agency and National Heritage Board (NHB).

Park Highlights



To bring back the rich heritage and memories of Bidadari, a 700- metre Heritage Walk will be introduced to the estate. The Heritage Walk replaces the former Upper Aljunied Road that was expunged. Lined with beautiful mature trees, the Heritage Walk will recount the history and stories of Bidadari's rich past through a series of storyboards.

To enhance the rustic and wooded environment, care has been taken to conserve existing greenery where feasible. The park will be home to over 2,000 new trees, including critically endangered species, and a variety of fauna, such as birds, butterflies, dragonflies, aquatic and semi-aquatic wildlife. Features such as the playground, experiential trails and viewing sheds are designed around some of the conserved trees.

Inspired by the former Alkaff Lake Garden – a Japanese-style garden built in 1929 by the well-known Alkaff family, the new Alkaff Lake will be a key attraction in Bidadari Park.



Park Highlights



The Alkaff Lake is designed to recreate the sense of tranquility of the former Alkaff Lake Garden, providing residents with a scenic spot for rest and leisure.



During dry weather, the gentle terrain of the banks will slope down to the edge of the lake and create an ideal spot for relaxation or picnicking. A large nest-shaped viewing deck extended towards the lake will offer a panoramic view of the park with a retained Rain Tree standing on its own island in the middle of the lake.

Beyond providing a scenic spot for rest and leisure, the lake will also serve as a stormwater retention pond when it rains, thus slowing down and reducing peak stormwater runoff into the public drainage system to enhance flood protection.